READ AND SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS

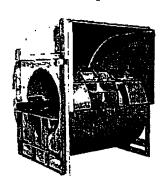
PN 483687

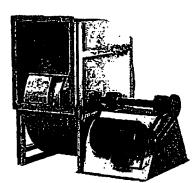


BELT DRIVE

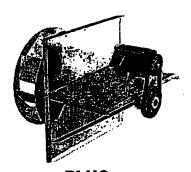
- CENTRIFUGAL (BISW, AFSW, BIDW, AFDW)
- INDUSTRIAL PROCESS (IPA, IPO, IPW)
- PLENUM (QEP)
- PLUG (PLG)

Installation Operating and Maintenance Manual

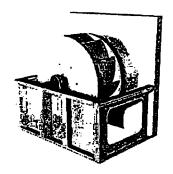




CENTRIFUGAL AND INDUSTRIAL







PLENUM

TABLE OF CONTENTS

GENERAL INFORMATION	Radial Gap Overlap & Wheel Alignment 6-7
Handling2	V-Beit Drives
Storage2	UNIT START-UP
Unit Identification	Additional information
Caution3	Vibration
INSTALLATION	ROUTINE MAINTENANCE
Centrifugal conditions	Motors
Plenum / Plug conditions	Bearings
Belt Guarda	V-Belt Drive
Bases	TROUBLESHOOTING1
Rotatable Housing	WARRANTY1

Report any damaged equipment to the shipper immediately!

'All Centrifugal, Industrial Process, Plenum and Plug Fans are shipped on a skid or packaged to minimize damage during shipment. The transporting carrier has the responsibility for delivering all items in their original condition as received from Greenheck. The individual receiving the equipment is responsible for inspecting the unit for obvious or hidden damage, recording any damage on the bill of lading before acceptance and filling a claim (if required) with the final carrier.

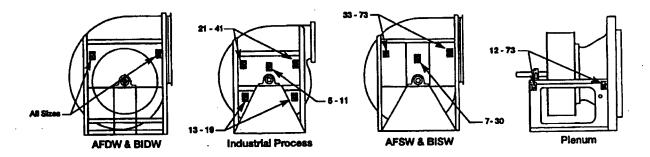
GENERAL INFORMATION

To insure a successful installation, the instructions in this manual should be read and adhered to. Fallure to comply with proper installation procedures may void the warranty.

HANDLING

Fans are to be rigged and moved by the lifting brackets provided or by the skid when a forklift is used. See figures below for proper lifting locations. Location of brackets varies by model and size. QEP plenum fans utilize holes located in the framework of the fan. Handle in such a manor as to keep from scratching or chipping the coating. Damaged finish may reduce ability of fan to resist corresion.

FANS SHOULD NEVER BE LIFTED BY THE SHAFT, HOUSING, MOTOR, BELT GUARD OR ACCESSORIES.



STORAGE

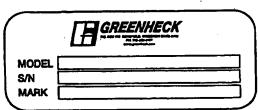
When a fan is not going to be in service for an extended amount of time, certain procedures should be followed to keep the fan in proper operating condition.

- Rotate fan wheel monthly and purge bearings once every three months
- Cover unit with tarp to protect from dirt and moisture (Note: do not use a black tarp as this will promote condensation)
- Energize fan motor once every three months
- Store beits flat to keep them from warping and stretching
- · Store unit in location which does not have vibration
- After storage period, purge grease before putting fan into service

if storage of fan is in a humid, dusty or corrosive atmosphere, rotate the fan and purge the bearings once a month. Improper storage which results in damage to the fan will void the warranty.

UNIT IDENTIFICATION

The tag below is an example of an identification label on the fan. The information provides general details about the fan, as well as containing specific information unique to the unit. When contacting your Greenhack representative with future needs or questions, please have the information on this label available.

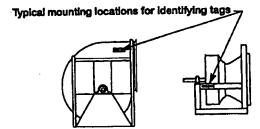


Model - General description of fan

Serial Number assigned by Greenheck, which is a unique identifier for every unit

Mark - Customer supplied identification

Tags are mounted in an area which is clearly visible, usually near the fan outlet on the drive side of the fan. The exact tag location may differ due fan model and size.



CAUTION!

Filed 07/03/2008

When installing a fan, ensure the proper protective devices are used to protect personnel from moving parts and other hazards. A complete line of protective accessories are available from Greenheck including: inlet guards, outlet guards, belt guards, shaft guards, protective cages and electrical disconnects.

Check local codes to ensure compliance for all protective devices.

For further details on safety practices involving industrial and commercial fans please refer to AMCA Publication 410.

ELECTRICAL DISCONNECTS

All fan motors should have disconnects located in close visual proximity to turn off electrical service. Service disconnects shall be locked out when maintenance is being performed.

MOVING PARTS

All moving parts must have guards to protect personnel. Refer to local codes for requirements as to the number, type and design. Fully secure fan wheel before performing any maintenance. The fan wheel may start "free wheeling" even if all electrical power has been disconnected. Before the initial start-up or any restart, check the following items to make sure that they are installed and secure.

GUARDS (BELT, SHAFT, INLET, OUTLET)

Do not operate fans without proper protective devices in place. Failure to do so may result in serious bodily injury and property damage.

ACCESS DOORS

Before opening access doors ensure the fan wheel has stopped moving and that the wheel has been secured from being able to rotate. Do not operate fan without access door in its fully closed position.

AIR PRESSURE AND SUCTION

In addition to the usual hazards associated with rotating machinery, fans also create a dangerous suction at the inlet. Special caution needs to be used when moving around a fan whether it is in operation or not. Before start-up, make sure the inlet area is clear of personnel and loose objects.

INSTALLATION

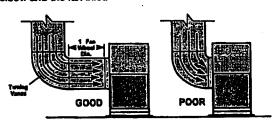
Installations with inlet or discharge configurations that deviate from this standard may result in reduced fan performance. Restricted or unstable flow at the fan inlet can cause pre-rotation of incoming air or uneven loading of the fan wheel yielding large system losses and increased sound levels. Free discharge or turbulent flow in the discharge ductwork will also result in system effect losses. Refer to the following diagrams for the most efficient installation conditions.

CENTRIFUGAL AND INDUSTRIAL PROCESS FANS - INSTALLATIONS

DUCTED INLET INSTALLATIONS

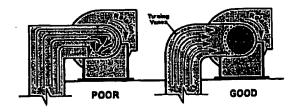
Inlet Duct Turns

installation of a duct turn or elbow too close to the fan inlet reduces fan performance because air is loaded unevenly into the fan wheel. To achieve full fan performance, there should be at least one fan wheel diameter between the turn or elbow and the fan inlet.



Inlet Spin

Inlet spin is a frequent cause of reduced fan performance. The change in fan performance is a function of the intensity of spin and not easily defined. The best solution is proper duct design and airflow patterns.



DUCTED OUTLET INSTALLATIONS

Discharge Duct Turns

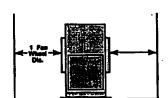
Duct turns located near the fan discharge should always be in the direction of the fan rotation.

Fan performance is reduced when duct turns are made immediately off the fan discharge. To achieve cataloged fan performance there should be at least three equivalent duct diameters of straight ductwork between the fan discharge and any duct turns.

NON-DUCTED INSTALLATIONS

Non-Ducted Inlet Clearance

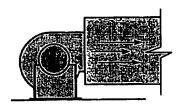
Installation of a fan with an open inlet too close to a wall or buildhead will cause reduced fan performance. It is desirable to have one fan wheel diameter and a minimum of three fourths of a wheel diameter between the fan inlet and the wall.



Free Discharge

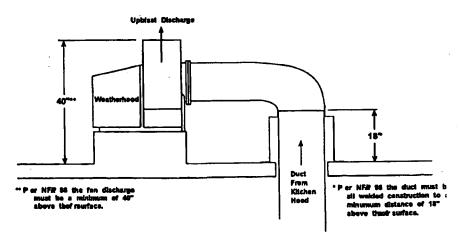
Filed 07/03/2008

Free or abrupt discharge into a plenum results in a reduction In fan performance. The effect of static regain in discharge is not realized.



CENTRIFUGAL - Outdoor Installation for UL 762 Listed Fans for Restaurant Exhaust

The UL 762 listing for restaurant exhaust is available on BISW fan sizes 7-73, Arr. 1 and 9 with beit guard and Arr. 10 with weatherhood. UL 762 fans are listed for a maximum operating temperature of 375°F and include a bolted access door and 1" drain connection. An outlet guard is strongly recommended when the fan discharge is accessible. An upblast discharge is recommended. The fan discharge must be a minimum of 40" above the roof line and the exhaust duct must be fully welded to a distance of 18" above the roof surface.



This drawing is for dimensional

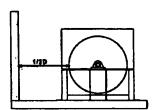
information only. See the latest edition of NFPA 96 Standard for Ventilation Control and Fire Protection of Commercial Cooking Operations for detailed installation instructions, materials, duct connections and clearances.

PLENUM AND PLUG FANS - INSTALLATIONS

UNHOUSED WHEELS

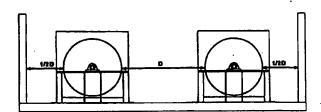
Adjacent Walls

The distance between the fan and walls or ceilings will effect the performance of the fan. The recommended distance between the fan wheel and any wall is a minimum of one - half wheel diameter. Multiple walls reduce the performance even more.



Side by Side

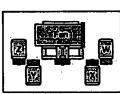
When two or more plenum fans are in parallel, there should be at least one fan diameter spacing between the wheels. Applications with less spacing will experience performance besses



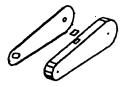
BELT GUARDS

Greenhack offers four types of customized belt guards dependent upon fan model, arrangement and motor position. The four types of belt guards are shown in illustrations to the right.

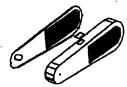
If the guard is not purchased from Greenheck, they must be supplied by the installer or owner.



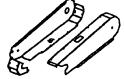
Motor position and fan rotation or determined from drive side



QEP & SW - Arr. 1, 3 (Mtr Pos. W / Z) SW - Arr. 9, 10 PLG



DW - Arr. 3 (Mtr Pos. W / Z)

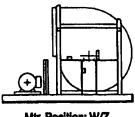


QEP & SW - Arr. 1, 3 (Mtr Pos. X / Y)

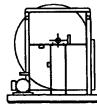


DW - Arr. 3 (Mtr Pos. X/Y)

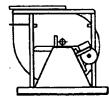
If the belt guard is not factory mounted or was not supplied by Greenheck, then it must be field mounted. <u>Brackets and mounting hardware are the responsibility of the installer</u>, The figures below illustrate suggested attachment points for belt guard mounting bracket locations. These locations vary with motor mounting position, arrangement, and fan type. The bearing supports and fan structure are used in most instances and when the motor is not mounted to the fan itself, a bracket should also be located near it. This information is intended as only a guide and actual field conditions may dictate another mounting location for the guard brackets. Refer to local codes for securing guarding.



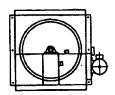
Mtr. Position: W/Z Arr. - 1,3



Mtr. Position: X/Y



Mtr. Position: L/R Arr. - 9



Mtr. Position: Side

Suggested Attachment Points

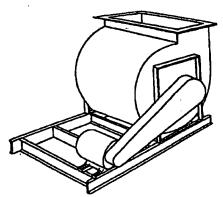
BASES

(FOUNDATION AND ISOLATION)

Critical to every fan installation is a strong, level foundation. A reinforced poured concrete pad with a structural steel base or inertia base provides an excellent foundation. Structural bases must be sturdy enough, with welded construction, to prevent flexing and vibration.

To eliminate vibration and noise from being transferred to the building, vibration isolators should be used. The fan is mounted directly on the isolation base and must be supported the entire length of the fan base angle (Refer to the installation manual for structural bases if the base was supplied by Greenheck). The isolators are installed between the isolation base and the foundation.

After the fan, isolation base, and isolators are installed, the entire assembly must be leveled. Position the level on the isolation base, not the fan shaft, for proper leveling. Additionally, the motor and fan shafts must be level and parallel relative to each other for proper alignment.



Typical Fan on Isolation Base

ROTATABLE HOUSINGS

it may be necessary to rotate the scroll of the fan to achieve a different discharge position than what was originally supplied. Centrifugal fans models BISW, AFSW, BIDW, and AFDW (sizes 7 - 30, arr. 1, 9, and 10, class I and II) and Industrial Process fans (sizes 5 - 19, standard and heavy duty) have the flexibility to be rotated in the field. This is accomplished by removing the housing bolts, rotating the housing to a new discharge position, and reinstalling the bolts.

RADIAL GAP, OVERLAP & WHEEL ALIGNMENT

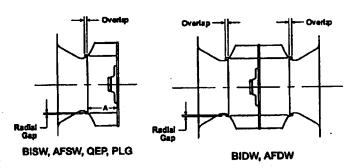
Efficient fan performance can be maintained by having the correct radial gap, overlap and wheel alignment. These items should be checked after the fan has been in operation for 24 hours and before start-up when the unit has been disassembled. Radial gap and overlap information applies to models: BISW, AFSW, BIDW, AFDW, QEP, and PLG.

Inlet Cone to Backplate Distance not OFP forback

no	(Act Interv	P4/			-
Unit Size	A din			Unit Size	A ± Tol
7 - 10	3 5/8	±1/8	<u> </u>	12	31/2
12	4	± 1/8	L	15	5 3/8
13	4 7/16	±1/8	<u> </u> _	16	57/8
15	5	±1/8	L	18	61/2
16	5 7/16	±1/8	L	20	7
18	6 3/8	±1/8		22	77/8
20	7	±3/18	L	24	8 6/e
22	7 13/16	±3/16		27	91/2
24	8 5/a	±1/4		30	10 5/8
27	97/16	± 1/4		33	11 3/4
30	10 9/18	±3/8		36	13
33	11 7/18	±3/8		40	14 1/4
36	123/4	± 3/8	ΙГ	44	15 3/4
40	14 3/16	± 3/8	ΙΓ	49	17 3/0
44	15 9/16	±3/8	1 1	54	191/4
49	17 1/8	± 1/2		60	21 1/4
	18 13/16	± 1/2	-	66	23 3/1
54			1	73	25 7/0
60	20 15/16	±1/2	<u> </u>		
66	22 7/8	± 1/2	Į		
73	25 1/2	± 1/2	ŀ		

QEP Inlet Cone to Backplate Distance

Unit	A dim.									
Size	± Tolerance									
12	3 1/2	± 1/8								
15	5 3/8	±1/8								
16	5 7/8	± 1/8								
18	61/2	± 1/8								
20	7	± 1/8								
22	7 7/8	± 1/8								
24	8 6/8	± 1/8								
27	91/2	± 1/8								
30	10 5/8	± 1/B								
33	11 3/4	± 1/8								
36	13	± 1/8								
40	14 1/4	± 1/8								
44	15 3/4	± 1/8								
49	17 3/8	± 1/a								
54	19 1/4	± 1/8								
60	21 1/4	± 1/8								
_66	23 3/8	2 1/8								
73	25 7/a	± 1/8								



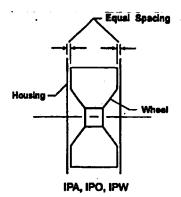
RADIAL GAP

Radial gap is adjusted by loosening the inlet cone/ring bolts and centering the cone/ring on the wheel. If additional adjustment is required to maintain a constant radial gap, loosening the bearing botts and centering wheel is acceptable as a secondary option.

OVERLAP

Overlap is adjusted by loosening the wheel hub from the shaft and moving the wheel to the desired position along the shaft. The Inlet Cone to Backplate Distance chart lists the distance between the wheel and the inlet cone spacing for non-double width fans. Overlap on double width fans is set by having equal spacing on each side of the wheel.

WHEEL ALIGNMENT



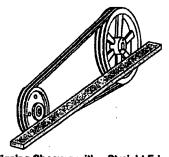
Correct wheel alignment for industrial process fans, models IPA, IPO, and IPW is schieved by centering the wheel in the housing.

V BELT DRIVES

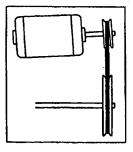
The V-belt drive components, when supplied by Greenheck Fan Corporation, have been carefully selected for this unit's specific operating condition. Caution: changing V-belt drive components could result in unsafe operating conditions which may cause personal injury or failure of the following components: 1. Fan Shaft, 2. Fan Wheel, 3. Bearings, 4. V-belt, 5. Motor.

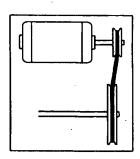
V BELT DRIVE INSTALLATION

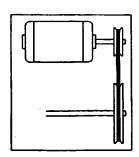
- 1. Remove the protective coating from the end of the fan shaft and assure that it is free of nicks and burrs.
- 2. Check fan and motor shafts for parallel and angular alignment.
- Slide sheaves on shafts do not drive sheaves on as this may result in bearing damage.
- 4. Align fan and motor sheaves with a straight-edge or string and tighten.
- Place belts over sheaves. Do not pry or force belts, as this could result in damage to the cords in the belts.
- Adjust the tension until the belts appear snug. Run the unit for a few minutes (see section on unit start-up) and allow the belts to "Set" properly.
- 7. With the fan off, adjust the belt tension by moving the motor base. (See belt tensioning procedures in the maintenance section of this manual). When in operation, the tight side of the belts should be in a straight line from sheave to sheave with a slight bow on the slack side.



Aligning Sheaves with a Straight Edge







Improper Sheave Alignment

Proper Sheave Alignment

Case 1:07-cv-06890

UNIT START UP

- 1. Disconnect and lock-out all power switches to fan. See warning below.
- 2. Check all fasteners, set screws and locking collars on the fan, bearings, drive, motor base and accessories for tightness.
- 3. Rotate the fan wheel by hand and assure no parts are rubbing.
- 4. Check for bearing alignment and lubrication.
- 5. Check the V-belt drive for proper alignment and tension.
- 6. Check the all guarding (if supplied) for being securely attached and not interfering with rotating parts.
- 7. Check operation of variable inlet vanes or discharge dampers (if supplied) for freedom of movement.
- 8. Check all electrical connections for proper attachment.
- 9. Check housing and ductwork, if accessible, for obstructions and foreign material that may damage the fan wheel.

WARNING

Disconnect and secure to the "Off" position all electrical power to the fan prior to inspection or servicing. Failure to comply with this safety precaution could result in serious injury or death.

ADDITIONAL STEPS FOR INITIAL START-UP

1. Check for proper wheel rotation by momentarily energizing the fan. Rotation is always determined by viewing the wheel from the drive side and should correspond to the rotation decal affixed to the unit. One of the most frequently encountered problems with Centrifugal Fans is motors which are wired to run in the wrong direction. This is especially true with 3-phase installations where the motor will run in either direction, depending on how it has been wired. To reverse rotation of a 3phase motor, interchange any two of the three electrical leads. Single phase motors can be reversed by changing internal connections as described on the motor label or wiring diagram.

CW ROTATION



Centrifugal **Backward Inclined**



Centrifugal Airfoil



Industrial Process Radial Blade

Always viewed from the drive side.

- 2. If the fan has injet varies, they should be partially closed to reduce power requirements. This is especially important if the fan is designed for a high temperature application and is being started at room temperature.
- 3. Fans with multi-speed motors should be checked on low speed during initial start-up.
- 4. Check for unusual noise, vibration or overheating of bearings. Refer to the "Troubleshooting" section of this manual if a problem develops.
- 5. Grease may be forced out of the bearing seals during initial start-up. This is a normal self-purging feature of this type of bearing.

VIBRATION

Excessive vibration is the most frequent problem experienced during initial start-up. Left unchecked, excessive vibration can cause a multitude of problems, including structural and/or component failure. The most common sources of vibration are listed below.

- 1. Wheel Unbalance
- 2. Drive Pulley Misalignment
- · 3. Incorrect Bell Tension
- 4. Bearing Misalignment
- 5. Mechanical Looseness
- 6. Faulty Belts
- 7. Drive Component Unbalance
- 8. Poor Inlet/Outlet Conditions
- 9. Foundation Stiffness

Many of these conditions can be discovered by careful observation. Refer to the trouble-shooting section of this manual for corrective actions. If observation cannot locate the source of vibration, a qualified technician using vibration analysis equipment should be consulted. If the problem is wheel unbalance, in-place balancing can be done providing there is access to the fan wheel. Any correction weights added to the wheel should be welded to either the wheel back (single plane balance) or to the wheel back and wheel cone (two-plane balance).

Greenheck performs a vibration test on all centrifugal fans before shipping. Three vibration readings are taken on each bearing in the horizontal, vertical, and axial directions. The allowable maximum vibration is 0.15 in/sec. peak velocity filter-in at the fan rpm per AMCA standard 204. These vibration signatures are a permanent record of how the fan left the factory and are available upon request.

Generally, fan vibration and noise is transmitted to other parts of the building by the ductwork. To eliminate this undesirable effect, the use of heavy canvas connectors is recommended. If fireproof material is required, Flexweave 1000 - type FN-30 can be used.

ROUTINE MAINTENANCE

Once the unit has been put into operation, a routine maintenance schedule should be set up to accomplish the following:

- 1. Lubrication of bearings and motor.
- 2. Variable inlet vanes should be checked for freedom of operation and wear.
- 3. Wheel, housing, bolts and set screws on the entire fan should be checked for tightness.
- 4. Any dirt accumulation on the wheel or in the housing should be removed to prevent unbalance and possible damage.
- Isolation bases should be checked for freedom of movement and the bolts for tightness. Springs should be checked for breaks and fatigue. Rubber isolators should be checked for deterioration.
- 6. Inspect fan impelier and housing looking for fatigue, corrosion, or wear.

When performing any service to the fan, disconnect the electrical supply and secure fan Impelier.

CAUTION:

When operating conditions of the fan are to be changed (speed, pressure, temperature, etc.) consult Greenheck to determine if the unit can operate safely at the new conditions.

MOTORS

Motor maintenance is generally limited to cleaning and lubrication. Cleaning should be limited to exterior surfaces only. Removing dust and grease buildup on the motor housing assists proper motor cooling. Never wash-down motor with high pressure spray. Greasing of motors is only intended when fittings are provided. Many fractional motors are permanently lubricated for life and require no further lubrication. Motors supplied with grease fittings should be greased in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. When motor temperature does not exceed 104°F (40°C), the grease should be replaced after 2000 hours of running time.

Filed 07/03/2008

BEARINGS

The bearings for Greenheck fans are carefully selected to match the maximum load and operating conditions of the specific class, arrangement, and fan size. The instructions provided in this manual and those provided by the bearing manufacturer, will minimize any bearing problems. Bearings are the most critical moving part of the fan, therefore special care is required when mounting them on the unit and maintaining them.

Refer to the following chart and the manufacturers instructions for grease types and intervals for various operating conditions. Never mix greases made with different bases. This will cause a breakdown of the grease and possible failure of the bearing.

Reco	mmend	ed Bear					eenheck	Fans			
			Relubricati	on Schedul	in Month	<u> </u>	· .				
Bearing Bore (Inches)											
Fan	1/2 -	11/4.	1 5/1 .	1 15/16 -	2 7/16 -	3 3/16 -	3 15/16 -	4 15/16 -			
RPM	1	1 1/2	1 7/8	2 3/16	3	31/2	41/2	51/2			
To 250	6	6		6	6	- 5	4	3			
500	6	6	6	5	4	3_	3	2			
750	6	5	4	3	3	2	2_	1_1_			
1000	6	4	3	2	2	1	1	0.5			
1250	5	3	2	1	1	0.5	0.5	0.25			
1500	5	2	1	1	0.5	0.5	0.25	0.25			
2000	5	1	1	0.5	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25			
2500	4	0.5	0.5	0.25	0.25	0.25					
3000	4	0.5	0.26	0.25	0.25			L			
4000	3	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25			<u> </u>			
5000	2	0.25	0.25	0.25	F	I		I			

- ted initial greesing interval is based on 12 hour per day operation and 150 degree F. ma ; temperature. For continuous (24 hour) operation, decrease greesing interval by 50%.
- ble relibricate with grea e while in operation, without ends
- For ball bearings (operating) relubricate until clean grasse is seen purging at the seals. Be careful not to unusest the seal by over lubricating.
- For ball bearings (idle) add 1-2 shots of grease up to 2" bore sizes, and 4-5 shots of gre For bell bearings (DRey and 1-2 shows to greate up to 2" bore size, 8 shots for 2"-5" bore size, and 16 shots above 5" bore size with hand greate gun.

 Adjust lubrication frequency based on condition of purged greate.

 Adjust lubrication frequency based on condition of purged greate.

- A high quality lithium base grease conforming to NLGI Grade 2 consistency, such as those listed below,

MOBILITH SHC 220 MOBILITH AW2

TEXACO MULTIFAK AFB2 TEXACO PREMIUM RB

EXXON UNIREX N2

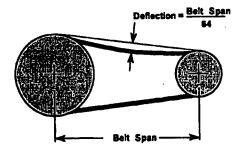
is or storage and rotate shaft monthly WARNING: Lub ate bearings prior to pe to aid in preventing corresion. If the fan is stored more than three months, the bearings should be purped with new grease prior to start-up.

V-BELT DRIVES

V-beit drives must be checked on a regular basis for wear, tension, alignment and dirt accumulation. Premature or frequent beit failures can be caused by improper beit tension, (either too loose or too tight) or misaligned sheaves. Abnormally high beit tension or drive misalignment will cause excessive bearing loads and may result in failure of the fan and/or motor bearings. Conversely, loose belts will cause squealing on start-up, excessive belt flutter, slippage, and overheated sheaves. Either excessively loose or tight belts may cause fan vibration.

When replacing V-beits on multiple groove drives all beits should be changed to provide uniform drive loading. Do not pry beits on or off the sheave. Loosen belt tension until belts can be removed by simply lifting the belts off the sheaves. After replacing belts, insure that slack in each belt is on the same side of the drive. Belt dressing should never be used.

Do not install new belts on worn sheaves. If the sheaves have grooves worn in them, they must be replaced before new belts are installed.



The proper tension for operating a V-belt drive is the lowest tension at which the belts will not slip at peak load conditions. For initial tensioning, the proper belt deflection half-way between sheave centers is 1/64" for each inch of belt span. For example, if the belt span is 64 Inches, the belt deflection should be 1 inch using moderate thumb pressure at mid-point of the drive. Check belt tension two times during the first 24 hours of operation and periodically thereafter.

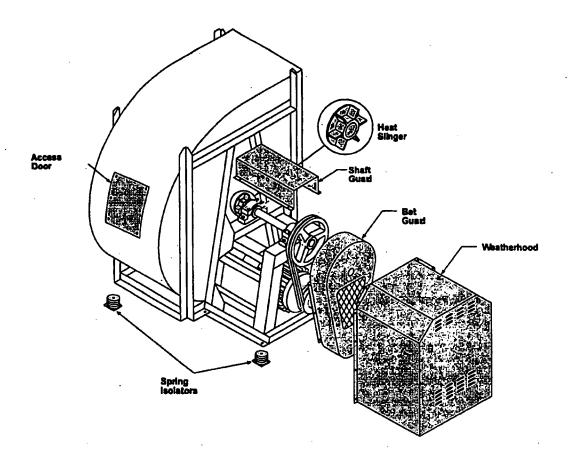
TROUBLESHOOTING

Problem	Cause	Corrective Action					
	Wheel Rubbing Inlet	Adjust wheel and/or inlet cone. Tighten wheel hub or bearing collars on shaft.					
Excessive Noise	V-Belt Drive	Tighten sheaves on motor/fan shaft. Adjust belt tension. Align sheaves properly (see page 7). Replace worn belts or sheaves.					
	Bearings	Replace defective bearing(s). Lubricate bearings. Tighten collars and fasteners.					
	Wheel Unbalance	Clean all dirt off wheel. Check wheel balance, rebalance in-place if necessary.					
Low CFM	Fan	Check wheel for correct rotation. Increase fan speed.*					
	Duct System	See page 3.					
M-L OFIA	Fan	Decrease fan speed.					
High CFM	Duct system	Resize ductwork. Access door, filters, grills not installed.					
Static Pressure Wrong	Duct system has more or less restriction than anticipated	Change obstructions in system. Use correction factor to adjust for temperatura/altitude. Resize ductwork. Clean filters/colls. Change fan speed.*					
	Fan	Check rotation of wheel. Reduce fan speed.					
High Horsepower	Duct System	Resize ductwork. Check proper operation of face and bypass dampers. Check filters and access doors.					
	Electrical Supply	Check fuses/circuit breakers. Check for switches turned off or disconnected. Check for correct supply voltage.					
Fan Doesn't Opërate	Drive	Check for broken belts. Tighten loose pulleys.					
	Motor	Assure motor is correct horsepower and not tripping overload protector.					
	Lubrication	Check for excessive or insufficient grease in the bearing.					
Overheated Bearing	Mechanical	Replace damaged bearing. Relieve excessive beit tension. Align bearings . Check for bent shaft.					
Excessive	Beits	Adjust tightness of belts. Replacement belts should be a matched set.					
Vibration	System Unbalance	Check alignment of shaft, motor and pulleys. Adjustable pitch pulleys with motors over 15 hp motors are especiall prone to unbalance. Check wheel balance, rebalance if necessary.					

^{*} Always check motor amps and compare to nameplate rating. Excessive fan speed may overload the motor and result in motor failure. Do not exceed the maximum cataloged rpm of of the fan.

NOTE: Always provide the unit model and serial numbers when requesting parts or service information.

CENTRIFUGAL / INDUSTRIAL PARTS DRAWING



WARRANTY

Greenheck warrants this equipment to be free from defects in material and workmanship for period of one year from the purchase date. This warranty limits our responsibility to repairing or replacing, to the original purchaser, any part or parts of said equipment found to be defective upon examination by representatives of Greenheck. Additionally, said part or parts will be returned to and received by the factory only after prior authorization, with transportation charges prepaid.

Greenheick shall not be obligated under this warranty, for payment of any delivery, removal or installation charges with regard to repair or replacement of any defective part or parts.

Motors are warranted by the motor manufacturer for a period of one year. Should motors furnished by Greenheck prove defective during this period, they should be returned to the nearest authorized motor service station.



PN 463687 Cent. Belt IOM FS Rev. 1 October 2003 Copyright € Greenheck Fan Corp. 2003

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DELHI INDUSTRIES INC.

PAGE 1 OF 2

DPL SERIES - DELHI PLENUM FAN INSTALLATION AND MAINTENANCE INSTRUCTIONS MODELS: DPL-12, DPL-13, DPL-15, DPL-16, DPL-18, DPL-20, DPL-22, DPL-24, DPL-27, DPL-30, DPL-36

Read installation and operation instructions carefully before attempting to install, operate or service DELHI PLENUM FANS. Failure to comply with instructions could result in personal injury and/or property damage. Retain instructions for future reference.

<u>UNPACKING</u>

 E_{α}

Once the packaging has been removed inspect the unit carefully. Check for loose, missing, or damaged parts. Rotate the wheel by hand to ensure the wheel spins freely. Tighten all set screws.

Maximum HP Ratings and Shaft Details

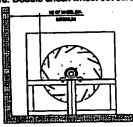
												10000
Mesery	[55] Z5.	[-330 m	GOLVES	ത്വദ്	രാഹ	เลอนรถ	1021,02	DEL-EX)	DPU-27/	@21-30	DPL33	EDEK361
the statement was a second		TORRESION	S GILT FILES	1-3/16	1-3/16	1-3/16	1-3/16	1-7/16	1-7/16	1-11/16	1-11/16	1-15/16
SHAFIDIA		1				2150	1900	1750	1580	1420	1300	1180
MAXRED	3550	3200	2900	2600	2300			1100	18	20	25	30
MASSED	5	5	5	7-1/2	7-1/2	10	10	15	13			

GENERAL SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

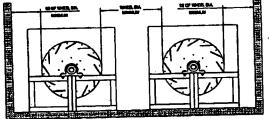
- Always disconnect power source before working on or near a motor or its connected load. Lock the power disconnect in the off 1 position and tag to prevent unauthorized application of power.
- Follow all local and national electrical and safety codes.
- Blower must be electrically grounded. This can be accomplished by using a separate ground wire connected to the bare metal of blower frame, or other suitable means.
- Ensure that the power source conforms to the requirements of your equipment.
- Do not put hands near or allow loose and hanging clothing to be near belts, pulleys, or blower wheel while the unit is running.

INSTALLATION

Mount blower on solid rigid flat base and secure with suitable fasteners through mounting holes provided in the cabinet frame assembly and motor frame assembly (optional). Use optional vibration isolators if required. Ensure that all fasteners are tight and secure. Double check wheel set screw for tightness and ensure that the wheel rotates freely.



ADJACENT PLENUM WALLS



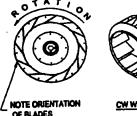
SIDE BY SIDE PLENUM FANS

The distance between the fan and walls or ceilings will effect the performance of the fan. The recommended distance between the fan wheel and any wall is a minimum of one - half wheel diameter. Multiple walls reduce the performance even more. When two or more plenums fans are in parallel, there should be at least one fan diameter spacing between the wheels.

Test the fan to ensure the rotation of the wheel is the same as indicated by the arrow marked Rotation.

Note: Wheel Orientation Nomenciature (CW/CCW) is based upon viewing rotation from the drive side.

The illustrated wheels are shown from inlet side.



CW WHEEL



NOTE ORIENTATION OF BLADES



COW WHEEL

DELHI INDUSTRIES INC., 523 JAMES ST., DELHI, ONTARIO, CANADA N4B 2Z3 PH:(519)582-2440 FX:(519)582-0581

November 2001

DPLOIPM

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PAGE 2 OF 2

DPL SERIES - DELHI PLENUM FAN
INSTALLATION AND MAINTENANCE INSTRUCTIONS
MODELS: DPL-12, DPL-13, DPL-16, DPL-18, DPL-20, DPL-24, DPL-27, DPL-30, DPL-33, DPL-36

BELT TENSION & PULLEY ALIGNMENT

Proper beit tension and alignment is essential for quiet operation and bearing life. Follow illustrated recommendations on beit installation below.

RESILIENT BASE MOUNT MOTORS

<u>ئۆن</u>

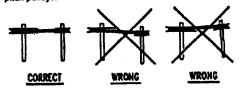
With the belt grasped as shown a total deflection of 1" (1/2" on each side) should be easily attained. See figure 1.



PULLEY ALIGNMENT

Align pulleys with a straight edge to conserve bett life and sliminate unnecessary noise.

NOTE: Pulley alignment may change when adjusting variable pitch pulleys.



Check tension before start-up, after every pulley adjustment and regularly thereafter.

RIGID BASE MOTORS - GOOD METHOD

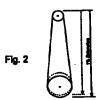
Release the tension from the belt ensuring there is no stack. Measure the distance between shaft centres. Release the tension from the belt ensuring there is no stack. Measure the distance between shaft centres. Add 1% to the shaft centre distance and adjust the shaft centres until that value is obtained. Example: The untensioned shaft centres on a model DPL-22 fan measures 25-9/16 ° Tensioned centres = 25-9/16 × 1.01 = 25-13/16° (1/4° extension). See figure 2.

RIGID BASE MOTORS - BETTER METHOD

Using a tension gauge, apply 4 lbs of force to the centre of the bett and adjust the tension until a deflection of 1/64" for every inch of shaft centre is obtained. See Figure 3.

RIGID BASE MOTORS - PERFECT METHOD Ideal belt tension is the lowest value under which belt slip will

Ideal belt tension is the lowest value under which belt slip will not occur at peak load conditions.





	MODELE	DRU-12	DPL=13	©71=15	071 - 10	والجارق	DRL-20	DEL22	OPL24	DRL-27/	DPL-30	DPU-33	DP138
CENTER	- 49. vi	15.19	16.19	17.50	18.31	19.75_	21.25						
LINE	(2.45.3h)	15.69	16.69	17.94	18.81	20.25	21.75	23.94	25.69	27.75	29.75	32.06	34.81
	(KSTAVIST	15.94	16.94	18.25	19.13	20.56	22.00	24.19	26.00	28.06	30.00	32.31	35.13
FOR	1821/1841	17.31	18.25	19.50	20.44	21.88	23.31	25.56	27.31	29.38	31.38	33.63	36.44
	20.1766.1	17.01	10.20	10.00	21.25	22.69	24.13	26.38	28.13	30.13	32.25	34.50	37.25
1	25472561							27.56	29.25	31.25	33.38	35.50	38.25
MOTOR											34.13	36.31	39.00
PLATFORM	284 1/286 Tu				<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>					

ELECTRICAL

Connect motor in accordance with applicable codes. Provide properly sized motor overload protection to protect motor against electrical faults and system changes. Confirm proper motor rotation on start-up.

MAINTENANCE

Inspect periodically for mounting rigidity. Verify bett for wear and tension and adjust as required. Inspect wheel for any dust accumulation and clean as indicated.

LUBRICATION

Cast iron, pillow block, sealed type, bearings are used on all DPL PLENUM FANS. Operating temperature range is -30 to 230 deg. F. Re-lubrication is unnecessary under most operating conditions. If re-lubrication is required, lubricant should be compatible to Shell Alvania #2. (Lithium base - Grade 2)

DELHI INDUSTRIES INC., \$23 JAMES ST., DELHI, ONTARIO, CANADA N4B 2Z3 PH:(619)582-2440 FX:(519)582-0581

November 2001

DPLOIPM



marketing memo

To: All AAON Sales Representatives

October 1, 2001

NEW PROMOTIONAL LITERATURE

The RL Series 40 to 230 Tons for Air Cooled, Evaporative Cooled or Water Cooled

Enclosed with this memo are 50 copies of the new RL Series full color promotional literature. Read this over completely. Get ready for the two RL product sessions that will be held here in Tulsa this month to answer all your questions.

Notice the photo on page 2 is an air cooled unit being built in the West Tulsa plant. The centerfold of product features also shows those taken of evaporative cooled models, as well as, many of the common features of all the models.

RL Product Hi-Lites

In this session you will see a complete evaporative cooled unit. All of the features will be reviewed in a unique manner that you will be able to "take home with you" in your pocket. You will not forget this presentation.

RL Software

The RL product has many of the features that you always expect from AAON. It also will have new and unrivaled features that you must learn how to select and use to our best advantage. The RL software will be extensively demonstrated in this session. With the RL Series you have fan options that will be presented to you by the software, with the corresponding sound levels.

The Unit Rating sheet gives you all the performance information you need including sound information.

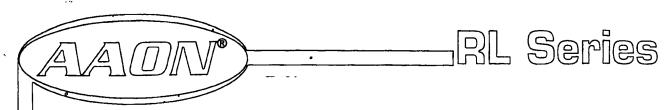
The overall dimensional drawing of the selection will also be an output of the software. No guessing or waiting to get information back from the factory to get the customer the dimensional data they always want immediately.

Get your questions ready - Don't miss any of the RL sessions. We look forward to seeing you at the Sales meeting.

Jim Parro

Marketing Manager

2425 South Yukon • Tulsa, Okiahoma 74107 • PH: (918) 583-2266 • FAX: (918) 583-6094



45 to 230 tons
Packaged Rooftop Conditioners
& Air Handlers

Engineering Specifications and Selection Procedures

RL Series

Meeting Today's Requirements with Full Featured, Energy Efficient Products

AAON® has recognized the increasing requirement for larger and more energy efficient packaged roof-top equipment. The RL Model Series has been designed to build upon the AAON experience as the premier supplier of rooftops.

The RL Series is available in a number of configurations to fit the exact job requirements and all the features that make AAON synonymous with meeting the customer needs.

- Air Cooled Condensing
- Evaporative Cooled Condensing
 - Water Cooled Condensing
- Air Handlers

Standard Features

- Complete factory assembled, piped and wired for a single point power connection.
- Specifically designed with sloping top components for outdoor rooftop applications.
- Cabinet construction is entirely of G90 galvanized steel and a 2000 hour salt spray paint finish.
- Double wall construction throughout with 2 inches of insulation.
- The fan wheels are single inlet airfoil type and directly driven by the motor.
- The entire fan and motor assembly is mounted on spring isolators.
- Side access doors with stainless steel hinges and full perimeter gasketing, open against air pressure. Doors are provided to the filters, blower, compressor/control compartment and other items that need periodic maintenance.
- Access doors have latches that are operable from both sides with provisions for a padlock.
- Unit specific color coded wiring diagrams provided in point-to-point and ladder form.
- Diagrams are laminated in plastic and permanently affixed.
- A walk-in compartment that contains the compressors and electrical control panel.
- Multiple scroll compressors are mounted on an isolation deck for quiet and efficient part load operation.
- All damper blades are constructed for low leakage with an extruded aluminum, hollow core, airfoil design with rubber edge and aluminum end seals.

Optional Features

Many optional design features are available to allow maximum flexibility to meet the various job conditions and applications.

- A wide selection of economizers from simple manually adjustable to fully modulating operation with enthalpy or CO2 controlled.
- Power exhaust and return fans that are also direct driven by the motor.
- A selection of filters from 4 inch pleated to high efficiency cartridge or bag type filters.
 These may also be furnished in the final filter position.
- Factory mounted and fully integrated energy recovery wheels that have been rated in accordance with ARI Standard 1060 and bear the ARI Certification symbol.
- A wide selection of electric, gas and hydronic heating options can be made.
- Blank sections for field installation of customer selected custom components.
- Smoke and firestats can be selected for the supply and/or return air.
- Marine service lights can be selected for each airstream compartment.
- Factory mounting and wiring of customer supplied controls.

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Table of Contents

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION	
MODEL NUMBER DESCRIPTION	. 111
OPTIONAL FEATURES DESCRIPTIONS	/-V
EQUIPMENT DATA TABLES	
Nominal Capacities	1
Compressors	1
Condenser Fans and Pumps	2
DY Coil Data	3
Chilled Water Coil Data	4
Heating Coil Data - Table 6a	5
Outside Air Pre-Heat Coil Data - Table 6b	5
Pre-Heat Coil Data - Table 6c	5
Electric Heat Data	6
Electric Heat Designations	6
Gas Heat Temperature Rise	7
Gas Heat Designations	7
Economizer Damper Sizing	8
Heat Wheel Data	8
Barometric Relief Damper Openings	9
Filter Data	. 10
Filler Data	
HOW TO CREATE AN RL UNIT SELECTION	. 11
HOW TO OREATE ANTIE ONLY SEEES HOW IMMEDIATE	
SECTION 15782 - Rooftop Units Specification	. 28
SECTION 13762 - Hooriep Child Specification minimum	
SAMPLE OUTPUT REPORTS	. 39
Unit Rating	. 40
Energy Wheel Rating	. 41
Submittal	. 42
Axial Fan	. 43
Plenum Fan	44
Typical Unit Drawings	. 45
Typical Unit Drawings	
ENOMICEDINO LITUITICO	
ENGINEERING UTILITIES Cooling Coil Psychrometrics	61
Adiabatic Mixing	
Mixed Air Conditions	. 62
Mixed Air Conditions	62
Fan Law CalculatorSingle Zone Blow Through System Psychrometrics	63
Single Zone Blow Through System Psychrometrics	63
Single Zone Draw Through System Psychrometrics	64
Humidifier	64
Heatwheel	65
Langelier Saturation Index Calculator & Evaporative Condenser Cycle Analysis	UU
Sensible Heating	05
Sensible Heating 2	00
Steam Piping Pressure Drop	00
Water Piping Pressure Drop	07
Duct Pressure Drop & Round to Rectangular Converter	b/

AAON, Inc.

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EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION

UNIT SELECTION EXAMPLE: MODEL AND FEATURE NUMBER STRUCTURE

BASE MODEL

(23) FEATURE OPTIONS DESCRIBED WITH 31 CHARACTERS

RL-045-3-0-10A02-222|:ABBE-DQQ-EBE-AQQ-DQQ-BQQ-

- ØØ - ØBKØØØØØB

BASE UNIT No.

ALL FEATURE NUMBERS MUST BE COMPLETED TO PROPERLY IDENTIFY THE UNIT AND TO INSURE PROMPT ORDER PROCESSING.

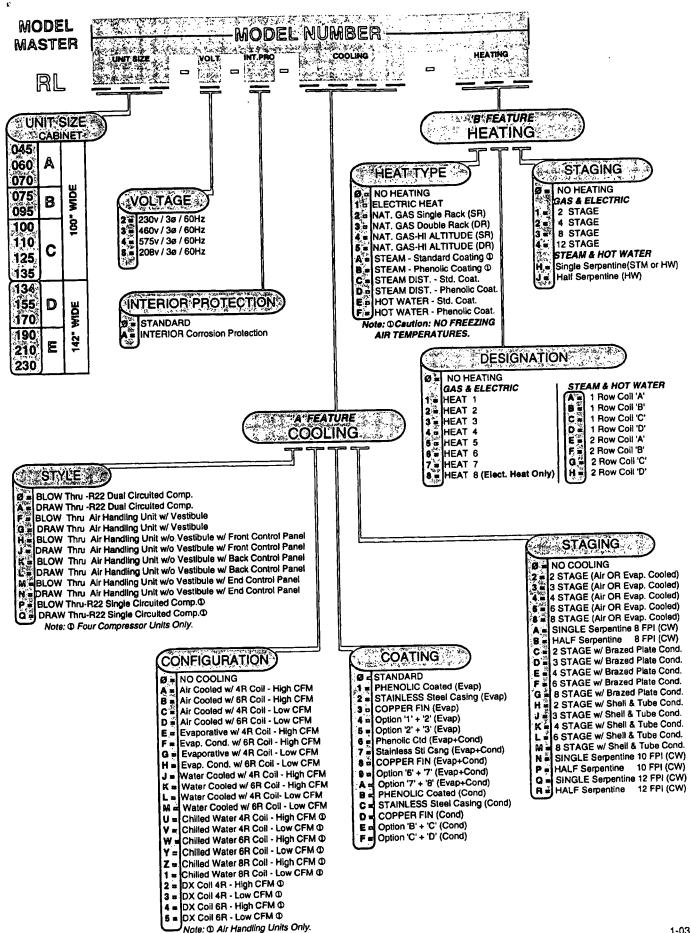
TOTAL UNIT IDENTIFICATION NUMBER

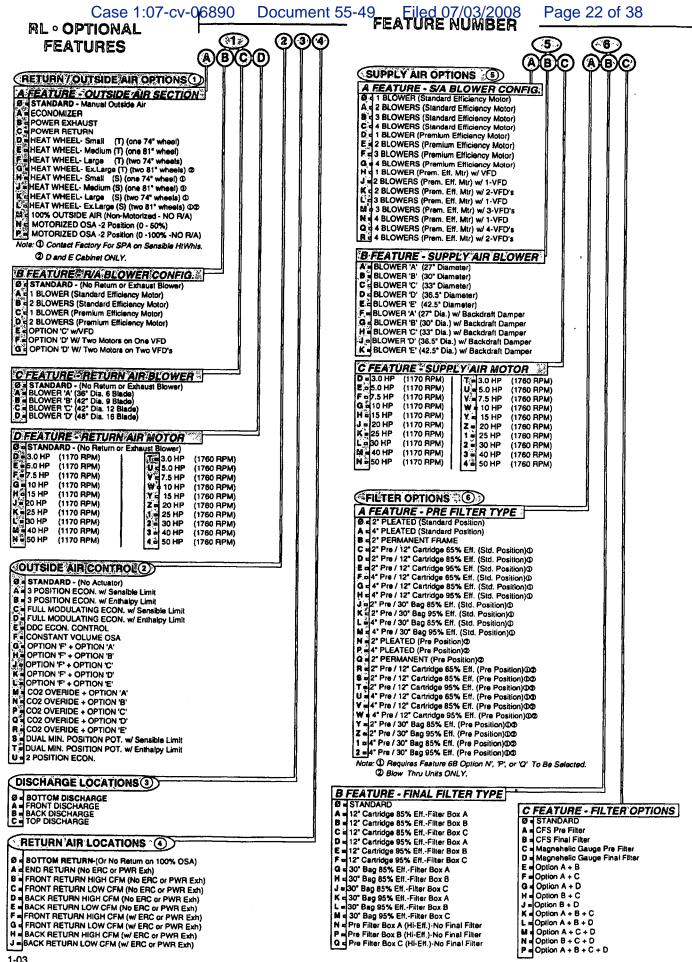
STANDARD FEATURES INCLUDE

- CABINET CONSTRUCTION IS ENTIRELY OF G90 GALVANIZED STEEL
- EXTERIOR IS FINISHED WITH A 2000 HOUR SALT SPRAY TESTED PAINT
- CONTROLS & COMPRESSORS ARE LOCATED IN A SINGLE. WALK-IN COMPARTMENT
- HERMETICALLY SEALED SCROLL COMPRESSORS
- COMPRESSORS ARE ISOLATED FOR ACOUSTICAL PURPOSES
- SINGLE POINT POWER CONNECTION
- 115v CONTROL CIRCUIT w/ TERMINAL BLOCK
- LOW AMBIENT OPERATION TO 50 DEGREES
- THERMOSTATIC EXPANSION VALVES
- LIQUID LINE FILTER DRIERS
- MANUAL RESET HIGH PRESSURE SWITCHES
- **AUTO RESET LOW PRESSURE SWITCHES**
- THE BLOWER WHEELS ARE SINGLE INLET AIRFOIL TYPE & DIRECT DRIVE
- DIRECT DRIVE 3 PHASE 1140 RPM TOTALLY ENCLOSED CONDENSER FAN MOTORS
- STAINLESS STEEL PIANO HINGE ON ACCESS DOORS W/ ACCESS LATCHES
 - THAT ARE OPERABLE FROM BOTH SIDES W/ PROVISIONS FOR PAD LOCKS
- TOP IS SLOPED FOR DRAINAGE
- DOUBLE WALL CONSTRUCTION ON THE AIR SIDE
- BOTTOM OR SIDE SUPPLY AIR & RETURN AIR
- MANUALLY ADJUSTED OUTSIDE AIR HOOD (0-25%)
- P-TRAP CONDENSATE DRAIN (field installed)
- RUN TEST REPORT, INSTALLATION MANUAL, WIRING DIAGRAM & START-UP FORM ARE LOCATED IN THE CONTROL ACCESS COMPARTMENT.

It is the intent of AAON, Inc. to provide accurate and current specification information. However, in the interest of product improvement, AAON, Inc. reserves the right to change pricing, specifications and/or design of it's products without notice, obligation or liability.

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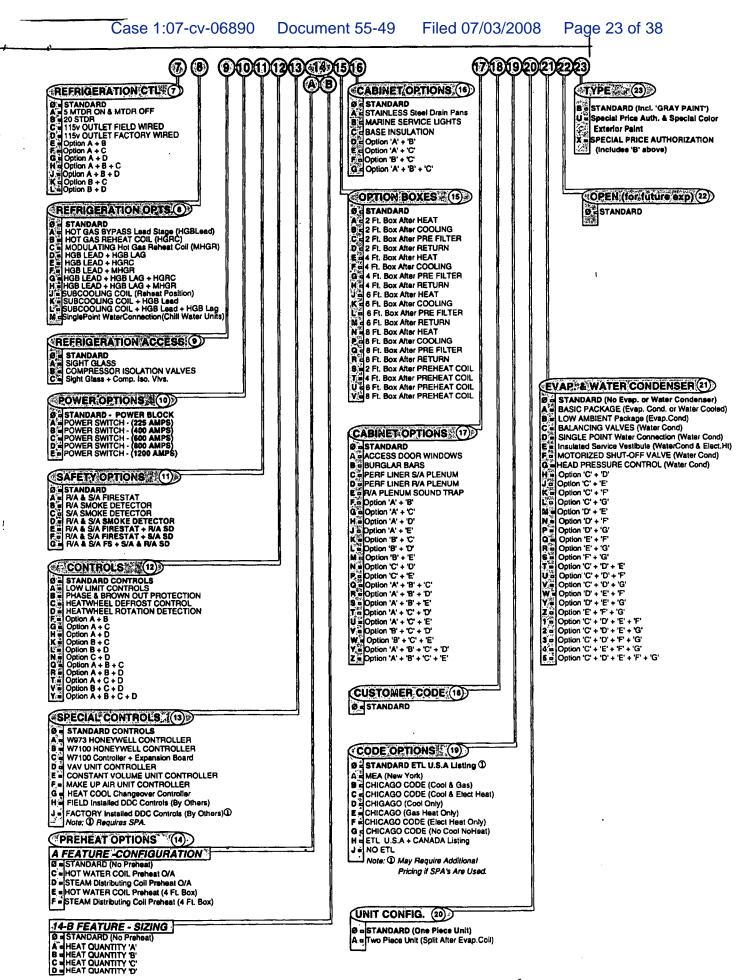


Table 1. RL NOMINAL CAPACITIES

			80/67 EDB/EWB - 95/75 OADB/OAWB								
CABINET WIDTH	II CARINET		EVAP COND CAPACITY	AIR-COOLED CAPACITY	EVAP FACE AREA	DX COIL CFM @ 600 FPM					
		45	44.3	40.6	37.5	22,500					
1	A	60	57.0	52.8	50.0	30,000					
ш		70	67.2	60.8	50.0	30,000					
WIDE	В	75	74.8	68.2	53.1	31,860					
٤	В	95	93.5	87.8	53.1	31,860					
100"		100	100.8	93.2	65.6	39,360					
_	С	110	108.4	99.3	65.6	39,360					
		125	125.9	116.5	71.9	43,125					
		135	135.2	125.3	71.9	43,125					
		134	132.8	123.9	79.2	47,520					
	D	155	152.8	142.5	86.8	52,080					
Ŝ		170	171.5	160.5	94.4	56,640					
142" WIDE		190	191.1	177.4	110.7	66,420					
2	E	210	210.1	193.9	118.3	70,980					
		230	228.8	212.6	125.9	75,540					

Table 1 shows the nominal capacities for air cooled DX and evaportively condensed DX units with a cooling coil face velocity of 600 fpm and entering air conditions of 80/67 F, with ambient conditions of 95/75 F. Water cooled DX capacities are approximately the same as the evaporatively condensed capacities with a condenser entering water temperature of 85 F at 3.0 gpm/ton.

Table 2. RL COMPRESSORS

CABINET WIDTH	CABINET	UNIT	CFM TYPE	COMPRESSOR #1	COMPRESSOR #2
		45	HIGH LOW	(4) ZR-108	
	A	60	HIGH LOW	(4) ZR-144	
		70	HIGH LOW	(2) ZR-144	(2) ZR-19
Ä	В	75	HIGH LOW	(4) ZR-19	
100" WIDE		95	HIGH LOW	(2) ZR-19	(2) ZR-300
101	С	100	HIGH LOW	(2) ZR-144	(4) ZR-19
		110	HIGH LOW	(6) ZR-19	_
		125	HIGH LOW	(4) ZR-19	(2) ZR-300
		135	HIGH LOW	(2) ZR-144	(4) ZR-300
		134	HIGH LOW	(4) ZR-19	(2) ZR-300
	D	155	HIGH LOW	(2) ZR-19	(4) ZR-300
142" WIDE		170	HIGH LOW	(6) ZR-300	
142"		190	HIGH LOW	(4) ZR-19	(4) ZR-300
	Ε	210	HIGH LOW	(2) ZR-19	(6) ZR-300
		230	HIGH LOW	(8) ZR-300	

Table 2 shows the compressor types and quantities used in the RL Product Line.

Table 3. RL CONDENSER FANS AND PUMP

			,	IR COO	LED CO	NDENS	R EVAPORATIVE CONDENSER							
CABINET WIDTH	CABINET	UNIT	FAN	l#1	FAN	FAN #2 CFM		FAN		PUMP			CFM	
			QTY	НР	QTY	HP		QTY	НР	HP	ВНР	GPM	HEAD	
		45	2	2			30,600	1	2			150	40	16,472
	A	60	2	3			34,400	1	2	3	2	150	40	11,350
		70	2	3			33,200	2	2			150	40	18,071
ж Н	В	75	3	3			52,800	2	2	3	3	200	40	17,688
100" WIDE	В	95	4	3			68,000	2	3			200	40	18,772
ģ		100	4	3			67,800	2	3			275	40	22,868
	С	110	4	3			67,800	2	3	5	5 4	275	40	23,490
	Ü	125	4	5			74,000	2	3			275	40	24,233
		135	4	- 5			73,000	2	3			275	40	24,563
		134	5	3			78,000	2	3			350	40	25,758
	D	155	4	5	1	3	90,100	3	3	5	4	350	40	33,240
MDE	!	170	4	5	2	3	103,000	3	3			350	40	34,213
142" WIDE	E	190	4	3	2	7.5	120,000	4	3			450	40	44,127
		E	210	4	3	2	7.5	118,400	4	3	7.5	6.3	450	40
		230	4	7.5	2	3	135,000	4	3			450	40	46,209

Table 3 shows condenser fans and pumps for air cooled and evaporatively condensed RL units. Water cooled units do not include pumps.

Table 5. RL CHILLED WATER COIL DATA

			CFM		Chilled W	later Coil		CFM @ 600	
CABINET WIDTH	CABINET	UNIT	TYPE	FIN LENGTH	FIN HEIGHT.	QTY	AREA	FPM	Type
		45	HIGH	86.5	31.25	2	37.5	22,526	Slab
		45	LOW	86.5	50	1	30.0	18,021_	Slab
	A	60	HIGH	86.5	41.25	2	49.6	29,734	Slab
	^	00	LOW	86.5	50	1	30.0	18,021	Slab
		70	HIGH	86.5	41.25	2	49.6	29,734	Slab
		,,,	LOW	86.5	50	1	30.0	18,021	Siab
		75	HIGH	86.5	43.75	2	52.6	31,536	Slab
ų į		/5	LOW	86.5	57.5	1_	34.5	20,724	Siau
i i	В	95	HIGH	86.5	43.75	2	52.6	31,536	' Slab
100" WIDE		95	LOW	86.5	36.25	2	43.6	26,130	. 3.80
\$		100	HIGH	86.5	36.25	3	65.3	39,195	Staggered
		100	LOW	86.5	43.75	2	52.6	31,536	Slab
		110	HIGH	86.5	36.25	3	65.3	39,195	Staggered
l i	С	110	LOW	86.5	43.75	2	52.6	31,536	Slab
	١	125	HIGH	86.5	40	3	72.1	43,250	Staggered
		123	LOW	86.5	32.5	3	58.6	35,141	Slab
		135	HIGH	86.5	40	3	72.1	43,250	Staggered
		133	LOW	86.5	35	3	63.1	37,844	Claggered
		424	HIGH	59	32.5	6	79.9	47,938	Staggered.
		134	LOW	59	36.25	4	59.4	35,646	Slab
	_	155	HIGH	59	35	6	86.0	51,625	Staggered
	D	133	LOW	59	40	4	65.6	39,333	Slab
w w		170	HIGH	59	36.25	6	89.1	53,469	Staggered
Ę		1 .,,	LOW	59	43.75	4	71.7	43,021	Slab
142" WIDE		190	HIGH	59	32.5	8	106.5	63,917	Staggered
2		190	LOW	59	35	6	86.0	51,625	Cloggered
	E	210	HIGH	59	35	8	114.7	68,833	Staggered
			LOW	59	36,25	6	89.1	53,469	-1088-100
1		230	HIGH	59	36.25	8	118.8	71,292	Staggered
			LOW	59	40	6	98.3	59,000	33

Table 5 contains chilled water coil dimensional data for the RL units. Chilled water coils are available in 8, 10, and 12 fpi. Circuiting options are full and half circuit.

Table 6a. RL HEATING COIL DATA

***************************************			USATIN	10.000		HW C	OIL 1/2" T	UBES	STEAM DIST	RIBUTING	COILS	
CABINET	CABINET	UNIT	HEATIN	IG COIL ZE	HEATING	CIRCUI	TING HALF	& FULL				FACE
WIDTH	CABINET	Oldir	1 Row	2 Row	COIL QTY.	FINNED LENGTH	FINNED HEIGHT	FPI	FIN LENGTH	FIN HEIGHT	FPI	AREA
		45	Α	E	1	60	75	10	60	75	10	31.3
	A	60	В	F	1	60	60	10	60	60	10	25.0
	^	70	С	G	1	48	52.5	10	48	52.5	10	17.5
		,,	D	Н	1	36	42.5	10	36	42	10	10.5
岁		75	Α	È	1	60	75	10	60	75	10	31.3
- ₹	В	,	В	F	1	60	60	10	60	60	10	25.0
100" WIDE		95	С	G	1	48	52.5	10	48	52.5	10	17.5
우			D	Н	1	36	42.5	10	36	42	10	10.5
		100	A	E	1	84	75	10	84	75	10	43.8
	С	110	В	F	1	60	82.5	10	60	82.5	10	34.4
- 1	Ĭ	125	С	G	1	60	60	10	60	60	10	25.0
		135	D	Н	1	48	52.5	10	48	52.5	10	17.5
		134	Α	E	2	60	75	10	60	75	10	31.3
	D	155	В	F	2	48	65	10	48	66	10	22.0
뽕		170	С	G	1	60	75	10	60	75	10	31.3
₹			D	Н	1	48	52.5	10	48	52.5	10	17.5
142" WIDE		190	Α	E	2	63	85	10	63	84	10	36.8
4	E	210	В	F	2	60	. 75	10	60	75	10	31.3
		230	С	G	2	48	65	10	48	66	10	22.0
			D	Н	1	60	60	10	_60	60	10	25.0

Table 6a contains physical data for hot water and steam coils located in the reheat position

Table 6b. RL OUTSIDE AIR PRE-HEAT COIL DATA (FEATURE 14A--C&D)

CABINET	HEATING	HEATING		HOT W	ATER 1/2"	TUBES			STEAM DISTRI	BUTING 5/	8" TUBES	i
WIDTH	COIL SIZE		FINNED HEIGHT	FINNED LENGTH	ROWS	FPI	AREA	FINNED HEIGHT	FIN LENGTH	ROWS	FPI	AREA
	Α	1	32.5	90	1	6	20	31.5	90	1	6	19.7
100" WIDE	В	1	32.5	90	1	10	20	31.5	90	1	10	19.7
100 WIDE	C	1	32.5	90	2	6	20	31.5	90	2	6	19.7
	D	1	32.5	90	2	10	20	31.5	90	2	10	19.7
	Α	2	32.5	63	_ 1	6	28	31.5	63	1	6	27.6
142" WIDE	В	2	32.5	63	1	10	28	31.5	63	1	10	27.6
1-2 WIDE	С	2	32.5	63	2	6	28	31.5	63	2	6	27.6
	D	2	32.5	63	2	10	28	31.5	63	2	10	27.6

Table 6b contains physical data for hot water and steam coils located in the preheat position in the mixed air stream. If this coil is used in conjuction with a heat wheel it is located down stream of the heat wheel

Table 6c. RL PRE-HEAT COIL DATA (FEATURE 14A--A&B)

CABINET	HEATING	HEATING		HOT W	ATER 1/2"	TUBES	. 	ľ	STEAM DISTRI	BUTING 5	8" TUBES	
WIDTH	COIL SIZE		FINNED HEIGHT	FINNED LENGTH	ROWS	FPI	AREA	FIN HEIGHT	FIN LENGTH	ROWS	FPI	AREA
	Α	1	52.5	48	1	10	28.4	52.5	48	1	10	35.0
100" WIDE	8	1	52.5	48	2	10	28.4	52.5	48	2	10	35.0
100 1102	С	1	75	84	1	10	28.4	75	84	1	10	87.5
	0	1	75	84	2	10_	28.4	75	84	2	10	87.5
	Α	2	65	48	1	10	0.0	66	48	1	10	0.0
142" WIDE	В	2	65	48	2	10	0.0	66	48	2	10	0.0
142 1102	С	2	75	60	1	10	0.0	75	60	1	10	0.0
	D	2	75	60	2	10	0.0	75	60	2	10	0.0

Table 6c contains physical data for hot water and steam colls located in the outside air intake. If this coil is used in conjunction with a heat wheel it is located up stream of the heat wheel

Table 7. RL ELECTRIC HEAT DATA

		I		EVAP								URE F						
CABINET	CABINET	UNIT	CFM	FACE	CFM					QUA	YTITK	OF ELE				-		
WIDTH	J. J		TYPE	AREA	[1	2	3	4	5	6		8	_	9	10	11	12
		45	HIGH	37.5	22,500	6	11	17	22	28	34							
		45	LOW	29.7	8,906	14	28	42	57	71	85							
		60	HIGH	50.0	30,000	4	_8	13	17	21	25							
ı	A	"	LOW	29.7	8,906	14	28	42	57	71	85							
		70	HIGH	50.0	30,000	4	8	13	17	21	25							
			LOW	29.7	8,906	14	28	42	57	71	85							
		75	HIGH	53.1	31,875	4	8	12	16	20	24							
Щ		/3	LOW	35.0	10,500	12	24	36	48	60	72			Not A	Availa	ble		
100" WIDE	В	95	HIGH	53.1	31,860	4	8	12	16	20 48	24 58							
6			LOW	43.8	13,125	10	19_	29	38	16	19							
2		100	HIGH	65.6	39,375	3	6	10	13 33	41	49							
			LOW	51.6	15,469	8	16	24	13	16	19	ļ						
		110	HIGH	65.6	39,375	3 8	6 16	10	33	41	49							
	c		LOW	51.6	15,469	3	6	9	12	15	18							
		125	HIGH	71.9	43,125 17,813	7	14	21	28	35	42							
			LOW	59.4 68.0	40,800	3	6	9	12	15	19	1						
	1	135	HIGH	63.3	18,984	7	13	20	27	33	40	1						
	-	ļ	HIGH	79.2	47.526	3	5	8	11	13	16	19	21	Ι.	24	26	29	3
		134	LOW	58.6	17,578	7	14	21	29	36	43	50	57		64	72	79	8
	Į.		HIGH	86.8	52,080	2	5	7	10	12	15	17	19	工	22	24	27	2
	D	155	LOW	65.1	19,531	6	13	19	26	32	39	45	52		58	64	71	7
	1	—	HIGH	94.4	56,640	2	4	7	9	11	13	16	18	\perp	20	22	24	2
142" WIDE	1	170	LOW	71.6	21,484	6	12	18	23	29	35	41	47		53	59	64	1
3		 	HIGH	110.7	66,420	2	4	6	8	9	11	1 13 15 17 19 21 1 36 41 46 51 56 1 12 14 16 18 20 18 33 38 42 47 52			1-2			
. 5	Į	190	LOW	82.5	24,740	5	10	15	20	25	31							
₩.	1		HIGH	118.3	70,980	2	4	5	7	9	11							
	E	210	LOW	89.0	26,693	5	9	14	19	24	28				1			
	l l		HIGH	125.9	75,540	2	3	5	7	8	10	12	13	_	15	17	18	1
	1	230	LOW	95.5	28,646	4	9	13	18	22	26					ئىل		

Table 7 shows the temperature rise through each quantity of 40 kW heaters based on the air flows indicated.

Up to six 40 kW heaters are available in the A, B, and C cabinets and up to twelve 40 kW heaters are available in the D and E cabinets

Table 8. RL ELECTRIC HEAT DESIGNATIONS

					ANTITY O					
CABINET	CABINET	UNIT			HEAT DES	IGNATI				
WIDTH			1	2	3	4	5	6	7	_8_
		45					-			1
1	A	60				1	- 1			i
		70								
100" WIDE	В	75	l . i		3		5	6	N/A	N/A
3		95	1	2	3	4	٦	١	IWA	1407
8		100								
-	С	110								
1	·	125						ĺ		
		135						_		
	<u> </u>	134	l i		!		ļ	1	İ	l
8	D	155				1		l		
\(\bar{\bar{\bar{\bar{\bar{\bar{\bar{\bar		170	1	2	3	4	6	8	10	12
142" WIDE	_	190	ł		İ	1	}			
1 2	E	210	1		1		1			
R .	1	230	JL		<u> </u>					

Table 8 contains the number of electric heaters available for each cabinet size. Each heater is 40 kW with two stages of 20 kW available.

Table 9. RL GAS HEAT TEMPERATURE RISE

CABINET			CFM	EVAP					~~	_	TEMP						
WIDTH	CABINET	UNIT	TYPE	FACE	CFM			QU	ANTI	TY 0	F HE	(T EX		NGE	_		
				AREA		_1_	2	3	4	5	6	7_	8	9	10	11	12
		45	HIGH	37.5	22,500	7	14	22	29	36	43	51	58	65	72	79	87
		,,,	LOW	29.7	8,906	18	36	55	73	91							
	A	60	HIGH	50.0	30,000	5	11	16	22	27	32	38	43	49	54	60	65
			LOW	29.7	8,908	18	36	55	73	91							
]		70	HIGH	50.0	30,000	5	11	16	22	27	32	38	43	49	54	60	65
	LJ		LOW	29.7	8,906	18	36	55	73	91							
1		75	HIGH	53.1	31,875	5	10	15	20	25	31	36	41	46	51	56	61
	В	,,	LOW	35.0	10,500	15	31	46	62	77	93						
\(\bar{\bar{\bar{\bar{\bar{\bar{\bar{\bar		95	HIGH	53.1	31,860	5	10	15	20	26	31	36	41	46	51:	56	81
100" WIDE		90	LOW	43.8	13,125	12	25	37	50	62	74	87					
P		100	HIGH	65.6	39,375	4	8	12	17	21	25	29	33	37	41	45	50
1	1	100	LOW	51.6	15,469	11	21	32	42	53	63	74	84	95			
		110	HIGH	65.6	39,375	4	8	12	17	21	25	29	33	37	41	45	50
	С	,,,,	LOW	51.6	15,469	11	21	32	42	53	63	74	84	95			
		125	HIGH	71.9	43,125	4	8	11	15	19	23	26	30	34	38	41	45
			LOW	59.4	17,813	9	18	27	36	46	55	64	73	82	91		
		135	HIGH	68.0	40,800	4	8	12	16	20	24	28	32	36	40	44	48
			row	63.3	18,984	9	17	26	34	43	51	60	68	77	86	94	
		134	HIGH	79.2	47,526	4.	8	12	16	20	24	28	32	36	40	44	48
			LOW	58.6	17,578	11	22	33	43	54	65	76	87				
	D	155	HIGH	86.8	52,080	4_	7	11	15	18	22	26	29	33	37	40	44
			LOW	65.1	19,531	10	20	29	39	49	59	68	78	88	L		
		170	HIGH	94.4	56,640	3	7	10	13	17	20	24	27	30	34	37	40
Ī			LOW	71.6	21,484	9	18	27	35	44	53	62	71	80	89		
142" WIDE		190	HIGH	110.7	66,420	3	6	9	11	14	17	20	23	26	29	32	34
4		190	LOW	82.5	24,740	8	15	23	31	38	46	54	62	69	77	85	
	E	210	HIGH	118.3	70,980	3	5	8	11	13	16	19	21	24	27	30	32
Ĭ	-	210	LOW	89.0	26,693	7	14	21	29	36	43	50	57	64	71	78	86
		230	HIGH	125.9	75,540	3	5	8	10	13	15	18	20	23	25	28	30
 		230	LOW	95.5	28,646	7	13	20	27	33	40	47	53	60	66	73	80

Table 9 Contains temperature rise across gas heaters based on air flow and the number of heaters. The maximum temperature rise is limited to 100 F

Table 10. RL GAS HEAT DESIGNATIONS

CARWET			QU	ANTITY C	F HEAT E	XCHAN	GERS	
CABINET WIDTH	CABINET	UNIT		HEA	T DESIGN	ATION		
			1	2	3	4	5	6
		45						
	A	60						
l		70						
100" WIDE	В	75						
}	0	95	2	4	6	8	10	12
8		100						
	С	110			'			
1		125						
		135						L
		134						
l w	D	155				i		1
		170	2	۱ ۵	6	8	10	12
142" WIDE		190	-	"	ľ	°	'0	['*
4	E	210		· ·				1
		230						

Table 10 shows the heating designation (heat 1, heat 2, etc) and the number of gas heaters for associated with each designation.

Notes: 1 to 6 heat exchangers may be 1 or 2 racks wide depending on minimum air flow, 8 or more heat exchangers are 2 racks wide.

Table11. RL ECONOMIZER DAMPER SIZING

CABINET WIDTH	CABINET	UNIT	BLADE LENGTH	# OF BANKS	RETURN AREA	OUTSIDE AREA
		45				
1	A	60	47.5	1	17.8	11.9
l		70				
100" WIDE	В	75	47.5	1	17.8	11.9
5		95	47.0		17.0	11.5
8		100				
	С	110	38	2	28.5	19.0
		125	55	1 - 1	20.0	15.5
		135				
		134				
	D	155	47.5	2	35.6	23.8
1 2		170				
142" WIDE		190				
4	E	210	60	2	45.0	30.0
		230				

Table 11 contains physical data for return air and outside air data.

Table 12. RL HEATWHEEL DATA

CABINET			QUANTITY	OF ENER	Y RECOVER	Y WHEELS
WIDTH	CABINET	UNIT	SMALL	MEDIUM	LARGE	X-LARGE
		45			***	
	A	60				
111		70			(0) 7.11	
₽	В	75	(1) 74"	(1) 81"	(2) 74" 24,000	Not
		95	12,000	15,000	CEM	Available
100" WIDE		100	CFM MAX	CFM MAX	MAX	Available
_	С	110				
	1	125				
		135				
		134				
	D	155	(4) 7.41	44.04	(0) 7.41	(2) 81"
Į Š		170	(1) 74" 12,000	(1) 81" 15,000	(2) 74" 24,000 CFM	30,000
142" WIDE		190		CFM MAX		CFM
4	E	210	J			MAX
		230				

Table 12 shows the quantity of heat wheels available in each RL unit.

Table 13a. RL BAROMETRIC RELIEF OPENINGS A-C CABINETS

			DAN	PER SIZE	1
RETURN STYLE	RETURN DIRECTION	DAMPER	DAMPER	DAMPER	DAMPER
		QTY.	HEIGHT	WIDTH	AREA
	ВОТТОМ	1	52	26	9.4
ECON	SIDE HIGH CFM	2	52	18	13.0
	SIDE LOW CFM	1	52	26	9.4
	BOTTOM	2	52	18	13.0
POWER RETURN	SIDE HIGH CFM	2	52	18	13.0 .
	SIDE LOW CFM	. 2	52	18	13.0
	BOTTOM	2	52	26	18.8
POWER EXHAUST	313 3 711 377 37 117	2	52	26	18.8
	SIDE LOW CFM	2	52	26	18.8
SMALL/MEDIUM	BOTTOM	2_	52	26	18.8
ERC	SIDE HIGH CFM	2	-52	26	18.8
	SIDE LOW CFM	2	52	26	18.8
LARGE ERC 36"	BOTTOM	1 OR 2	40	40	11 OR 22
PROP	SIDE HIGH CFM	1 OR 2	40	40	11 OR 22
	SIDE LOW CFM	1 OR 2	40	40	11 OR 22
LARGE ERC 42"	BOTTOM	1 OR 2	48	48	16 OR 32
PROP	SIDE HIGH CFM	1 OR 2	48	48	16 OR 32
	SIDE LOW CFM	1 OR 2	48	48	16 OR 32

NOTE 1: 48" PROP NOT AVAILABLE ON RL A-C LARGE HEAT WHEEL NOTE 2: NUMBER OF DAMPERS = NUMBER OF PROPS ON LARGE ERC A-C

Table 13b. RL BAROMETRIC RELIEF OPENINGS D-E CABINETS

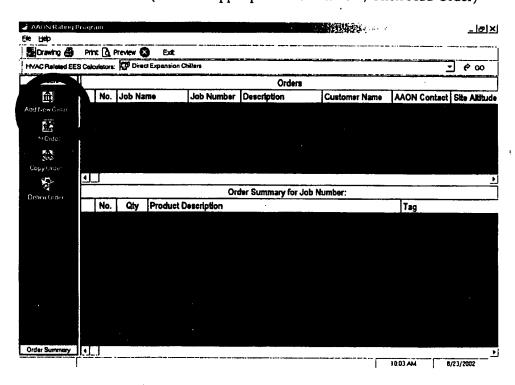
			DAM	PER SIZE	
RETURN STYLE	RETURN DIRECTION	DAMPER	DAMPER	DAMPER	DAMPER
		QTY.	HEIGHT	WIDTH	AREA
	BOTTOM	3	52	22	23.8
ECON	SIDE HIGH CFM	3	52	22	23.8
	SIDE LOW CFM	2	52	22	15.9
	BOTTOM	3	52	22	23.8
POWER RETURN	SIDE HIGH CFM	3	52	22	23.8
	SIDE LOW CFM	3	52	22	23.8
	BOTTOM	2	52	30	21.7
POWER EXHAUST	SIDE HIGH CFM	2	52	30	21.7
	SIDE LOW CFM	2	52	30	21.7
	BOTTOM	2	52	30	21.7
HEAT WHEEL	SIDE HIGH CFM	2	52	30	21.7
	SIDE LOW CFM	2	52	30	21.7

NOTE 3: ALL DAMPERS ARE SPLIT INTO TWO BLADES

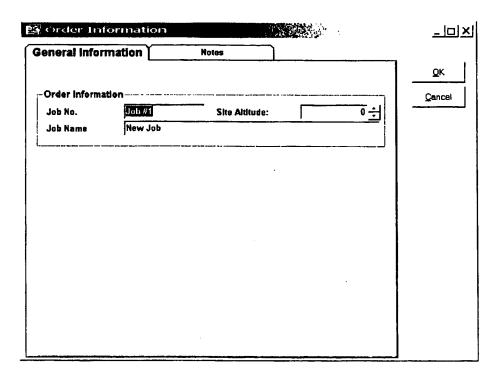
Table 14. RL FILTER DATA

CABINET WIDTH	CABINET	UNIT	2" 30% 16"X25"	4" 30% 16"X25"	BOX A CARTRIDGE FILTERS 65%- 85%-95%	BOX B 24X24X12 CARTRIDGE FILTERS 65%- 85%-95%	BOX C 24X24X12 CARTRIDGE FILTERS 65%- 85%-95%	BOX A BAG FILTERS 85%-95%	BOX B 24X24X30 BAG FILTERS 85%-95%	BOX C 24X24X30 BAG FILTERS 85%-95%
		45								
100" WIDE	A	60	18	18	(12) 24x24x12	20	N/A	(12) 24x24x30 (4) 24x20x30	16	N/A
		70								
	В	75 95	24	24						
	С	100			(4) 24x20x12					
		110		36						
		125	36	36						
		135								
142" WIDE	D	134		48	(15) 24x24x12 (5) 24x20x12	25	30	(15) 24x24x30 (5) 24x20x30	20	25
		155	48							
	E	170 190		60						
24		210	60							
_		230	1							

1. ADD a new order (Click on upper portion of window, Click Add Order)

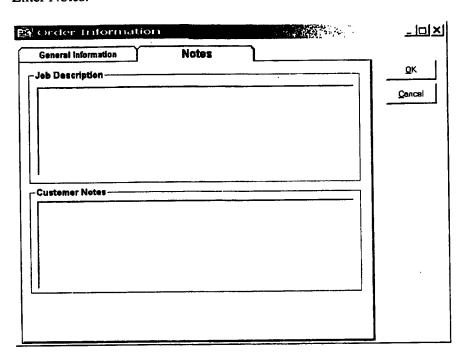


Enter Order Information:



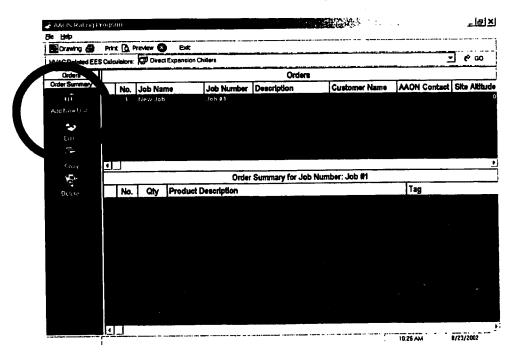
Enter Order information: Job No., Job Name, Site Altitude

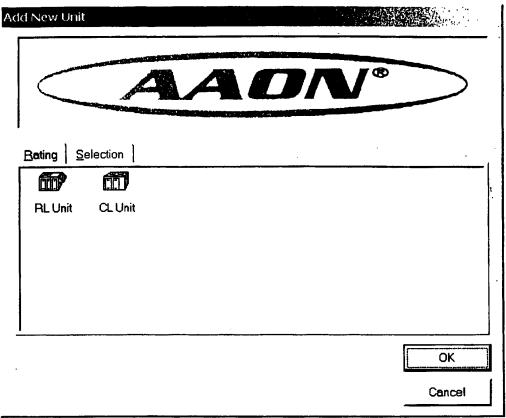
Enter Notes:



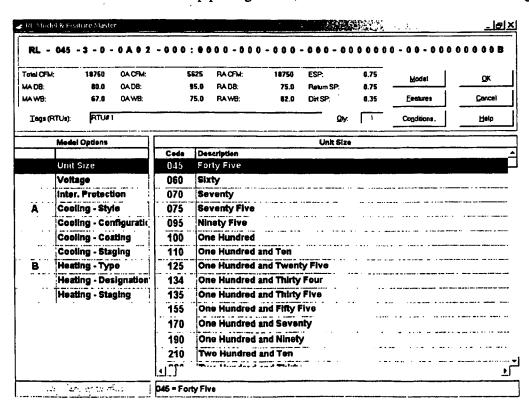
Any special information

2. Add a new unit to the order (Click on lower portion of window, Click Add New Unit)





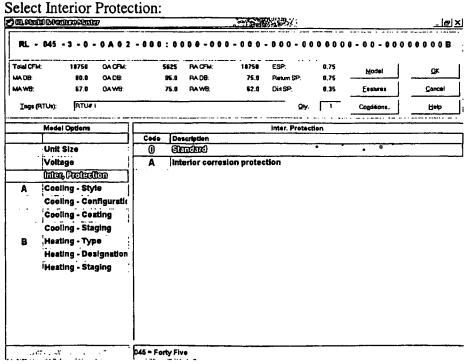
Select RL Unit to add a rooftop packaged unit, or select CL Unit to add a condensing unit.



This unit designation shown along the top of the screen is divided into two portions, Model Options and Feature Options. To begin, under Model Options click the unit size then proceed through each option below. Select Model Option by clicking in the left column, and select the feature code by clicking in right column.

Select Unit Size Select Voltage

S of many commonwant						- 20		_lal×	
RL - 04	5 - 3 - 0	- 0 A O 2	-000:	0000-00	0 - 0 0 0	- 0 0 0 - 0	0000	0 - 0 0 - 0 0 0	00000B
Total CFM:	18750	DA CFM:	54	25 PACPM:	18750	ESP:	0.75	Model	٥ĸ
MA DB:	80.0	CADB:	9	5.0 PA DB:	75.0	Return SP:	0.75		
MAW8:	67.0	QAWB:		75.0 RAWB:	62.0	Din SP:	0.35	Eestures	Çancel
Iegs (RTU	r): RTU	ī	Qty. 1 Cop		Conditions	Heip			
Me	dal Options					Veitage			
			Codo	Doscription					
	nit Size		2	230V/3Ø/60Hz					
	- Eggill	المسا	8	460V#36#50#1z		,			
ln	ter. Protect	ion	4	575V/3Ø/60Hz					
A Co	cooling - Style		8	208V/3Ø/60Hz			• • •		
C	ooling - Co	nfiguratic				••••	•		
C	ooling - Co	ating							
C	ooling - Sta	ging							
в н	eating - Typ	P							
	eating - De	signation							
in	eating - Sta	aina							
		F 7							
	- c- s	43977 50	046 = Fort	/ Five					

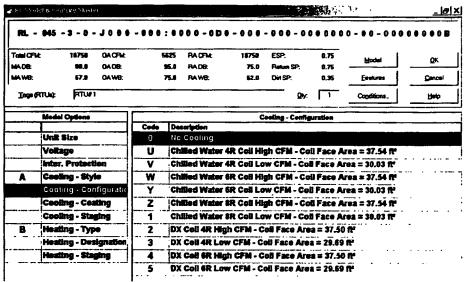


Total CFI MA DB: MA WB:	80.8 QA DB: 67.8 DA WB:	•	625 PACFM: IS.0 PADB: 75.0 PAWB:	18750 75.0 62.8	ESP: Return SP: Dirt SP:	0.75 0.75 0.35	Model Features	QK Çancel	
Iegs ((RTUs): RTUs		_		<u>Ω</u> ty:	1	Cogditions.	Help	
	Medal Options	Ceeling - Stylo							
		Code Description							
	Unit Size	0 Blow Thrus R22 Dual Circuited Compressors							
	Voltage	A Draw Thru - R22 Dual Circuited Compressors							
	Inter. Protection	F Blow Thru - Air Handling Unit w/ Vestibule							
A	Googging - Elfylia	G	Draw Thru - A	ir Handling	Unit w/ Ves	tibule		1	
	Cooling - Configuratio	Н	Blow Thru - A	ir Handling	Unit w/o Ve	stibule v	v/ Front Control	Panel	
•	Cooling - Coating	J	Draw Thru - A	ir Handling	Unit w/o Ve	stibule v	vi Front Control	Panel	
	Cooling - Staging	K	,8low Thru - A	ir Handling	Unit w/o Ve	stibule v	v/ Back Control	Panel	
B	Heating - Type	L	Draw Thru - Air Handling Unit w/o Vestibule w/ Back Control Panel						
	Heating - Designation	M	Blow Thru - Air Handling Unit w/o Vestibule w/ End Control Panel						
	Heating - Staging	N	Draw Thru - Air Handling Unit w/o Vestibule w/ End Control Panel						
		Р	Blow Thru - R	22 Indepe	ndently Circ	uited Cor	npressors		
	1		Draw Thru - R	22 Indepe	ndently Circ	ulted Co	mpressors		

The cooling style defines fan position (draw thru/blow thru) and whether the unit is DX or non-compressorized, additionally for DX if the unit has 4 compressors each compressor can be individually circuited or 2 sets of dual circuited compressors can be used providing 2 independent refrigerant circuits. Rooftop air handling units may also be selected.

Select Cooling Configuration: OL North Cream const DA OFM: 5825 PA CFM: 18750 ESP. 0.75 Total CFM: 18758 MA DB: 80.0 OA DB: 95.0 RA 08: 75.0 0.75 Concel MA WB \$7.B 75.0 62.0 0.35 RTU# Ings (RTUs): Help Cooling - Configuration Model Options Code Description All Cooled Cond width Coll Ligh CFM - Coll Face Area = \$7.50 [P Unit Size Voltage Air Cooled Cond w/ 6R Coll High CFM - Coll Face Area = 37.50 ft В Air Cooled Cond w/ 4R Coil Low CFM - Coil Face Area = 29.69 ft Inter. Protection Cooling - Style Ď Air Cooled Cond w/ 6R Coil Low CFM - Coil Face Area = 29.69 R Googless - Googless and the Evap Cond w/ 4R Coll High CFM - Coll Face Area = 37.50 ft Evap Cond w/ 5R Coll High CPM - Coll Face Area = 37.50 ft Cooling - Coating Evap Cond w/ 4R Coll Low CFM - Coll Face Area = 29.69 ft Cooling - Staging Heating - Type Evap Cond w/ 6R Coil Low CFM - Coll Face Area = 29.69 ft Heating - Designation Water Cool Cond w/ 4R Coll High CFM - Coll Face Area = 37.50 ft Water Cool Cond w/ 6R Coil High CFM - Coil Face Area = 37.50 ft Heating - Staging Water Cool Cond w/ 4R Coll Low CFM - Coll Face Area = 29.69 ft Water Cool Cond w/ 6R Coll Low CFM - Coll Face Area = 29.69 ft 045 = Forty Five

If the unit is DX then you can select air, evaporative or water cooled condensers. In each category you can select different cooling coil face area by choosing high or low cfm and either 4R/12fpi or 6R/12fpi. If the unit is Chilled Water you can select coil rows, fins, and circuiting under the conditions screen. In each category there are high and low cfm choices to change the cooling coil surface area. If the unit is DX you can select a different cooling coil face area by choosing high or low cfm and either 4R/12fpi or 6R/12fpi. If chilled water coils are selected for an Air handler the following screen will appear instead:



Click on the Code for the coil face area. Select coil rows, and fpi on the conditions screen.